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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORTECEIVED FORM X-17A\5 **PART III**

FACING PAGE to Section 17 of the Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pul Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/03 MM/DD/YY	AND END	ING1	2/31/03 MM/DD/YY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
A. REG	ISTRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	. 11/4	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Sunset Fi	nancial Services, Inc	• 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		OFFICIAL USI	E ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not use P.O. I	Зох No.)		FIRM I.D.	NO.
3520 Broadway					
Kansas City (City)	(No. and Street) MO (State)		64111-2 (Zir	565 5 Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSONNEL SMITH		REGARD TO 1	ΓΗΙS REPC 816-75	PRT	ne Number
B. ACCO	DUNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION			
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w	hose opinion is contained	in this Report*		•.	
KPMG LLP			4.1		
	Name – if individual, state last,	first, middle name)		
Two Central Park Plaza, Ste 1501	Omaha	NE		68102-162	26
(Address)	(City)		(State)	(Zip C	Code)
CHECK ONE:				•	
☑ Certified Public Accountant☐ Public Accountant				OCESSE	
☐ Accountant not resident in Unit	ed States or any of its pos	sessions.	(N	IAR 25 2004	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	DNLY	Ú	THOMSON FINANCIAL	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Gregory E. Smith		, swear (or aft	irm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financia	l statement and si		
Sunset Financial Services, Inc.	ii statement and st	apporting schedules pertain	, as
of December 31	, 20 <u>_03</u> ,	are true and correct. I furth	er swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, pri	ncipal officer or o	director has any proprietary	interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	ows:		
		•	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
JANET L. TATE			111
Notary Public - State of Missouri		(MODAMA Z	E HI
Commissioned in Lafayette County		Signature	
My Commission Expires Jan 24, 2007		Signature	
Expires Jan. 24, 2007	NETL	President	
•	STAR	Title	
	PUBLIC	1 H	· ·
Christ S. Fale		.)	
Notary Public	NOTARY	LH	
U	SEAL	15H	
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	: VE OF MIS		
(a) Facing Page.			
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.			
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition	12		
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equ		Cala Duamistana? Canital	•
(f) Statement of Changes in Stockholders Equ			
(i) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subording (g) Computation of Net Capital.	nated to Claims o	i Creditors.	
(g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve	Requirements Pur	rsuant to Rule 15c3-3	
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or C			•
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate exp			nder Rule 15c3-3 and the
Computation for Determination of the Rese			
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and u	inaudited Stateme	nts of Financial Condition w	ith respect to methods of
consolidation.			
(I) An Oath or Affirmation.			
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.			
(n) A report describing any material inadequacie			ne date of the previous audit.
X (o) Independent Auditor's Report of Inter			
**For conditions of confidential treatment of certai	n portions of this	filing, see section 240.17a-5	i(e)(3).

Sunset Financial Services, Inc.

Financial Statements and Schedules

December 31, 2003 and 2002

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SUNSET FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

	December 31		
		2003	<u>2002</u>
	(in thousands)		sands)
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	776	792
Accounts receivable (net of allowance of \$10,000 in 2003; \$9,000 in 2002)	\$ -	333 1,109	116
	· =		
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity			
Commissions payable	\$	747	430
Due to affiliated entities		49	141
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	_	64	86
Total liabilities		860	657
Stockholder's equity:			
Common stock, par value \$10. Authorized, 50,000 shares;			
Issued and oustanding, 5,000 shares		50	50
Paid-in capital		50	50
Retained earnings	_	149	151
Total stockholder's equity	_	249	251
	\$	1,109	908

SUNSET FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	<u>2003</u> (in t	2002 housands)
Revenues Commissions: Transactions for unaffiliated entities Transactions for affiliated entities Investment and other income Total revenues	\$ 8,821 3,979 4 12,804	7,604 5,297 12 12,913
Expenses Commissions Administrative fees Operating expenses Total expenses	11,648 1,155 3 12,806	11,909 965 40 12,914
Income (loss) before income taxes Income tax expense Net income (loss)	(2) \$(2)	(1) - (1)

SUNSET FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

	<u>2003</u> (in thous	<u>2002</u> sands)
Common stock, beginning and end of year	\$50_	50
Paid-in-capital, beginning and end of year	50	50
Retained earnings:		
Beginning of year	151	152
Net income (loss)	(2)	(1)
End of year	149	151
Total stockholder's equity	\$ 249	251

SUNSET FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
		(in tho	isands)
Operating Activities			
Net income (loss)	\$	(2)	(1)
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable and other assets		(217)	68
Commissions payable		317	4
Due to affiliated entities		(92)	52
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(22)	
Net cash provided (used)	_	(16)	123
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		792	669
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$_	776	792

SUNSET FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements

Significant Accounting Practices

Organization

Sunset Financial Services, Inc. (the Company) is a full-service brokerage firm offering a wide range of financial products. The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kansas City Life Insurance Company (Kansas City Life). The Company is registered as a broker/dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. The sales force of the Company consists primarily of agents of Kansas City Life and Sunset Life Insurance Company of America (Sunset Life), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kansas City Life.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments purchased with original maturity of 3 months or less to be cash equivalents.

Securities Transactions

Securities transactions and the related commission revenues and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis.

Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated tax return with certain non-insurance affiliates of its parent, Kansas City Life. Income taxes are calculated as if the Company filed on a separate return basis.

No deferred income taxes have been provided as there are no differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases.

Agreement with Clearing Broker

The Company acts as an introducing broker/dealer and clears all general securities transactions with and for customers on a fully disclosed basis with Correspondent Services Corporation, a clearing broker. All customer funds and securities are received by the clearing broker which carries the customer accounts and maintains the records of customer transactions pursuant to the requirements of rules 17a-3 and 17a-4 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. For these services, the Company will pay clearing charges as set forth in the agreement between the Company and the

SUNSET FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements

clearing broker. The Company is contingently liable to the clearing broker for any losses incurred which may result from the clearing of customer transactions for the Company.

Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2003, Company had net capital of \$227,000, which was \$170,000 in excess of its required net capital of \$57,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital is 3.79 to 1.

Related Party Transactions

Pursuant to terms of an agreement, Kansas City Life furnish certain fixed assets and administrative services to the Company. The administrative fees for providing such items, as determined by Kansas City Life, amounted to \$1,155,000 (\$965,000 - 2002).

The Company executed brokerage transactions for Kansas City Life and Sunset Life and recorded brokerage commissions related to these transactions, as identified in the Statement of Operations. Accounts receivable at December 31, 2003 and 2002 included receivables from affiliates of \$9,100 and \$13,100, respectively.

Contingencies

In November 2000, the Company was named as a codefendant, with numerous other defendants, in a lawsuit filed by a client of a former representative alleging conversion of the client's funds. The amount alleged to have been converted is approximately \$400,000. The Company has prevailed in its motion for summary judgment. The plaintiff has appealed.

In September 2001, the Company was named as a codefendant, with numerous other defendants, in a lawsuit filed by several clients of two former representatives. The lawsuit alleges that the former representatives participated in sales of offshore annuity products which were unsuitable to the clients' needs. The total amount of alleged damages is approximately \$500,000. The case has been consolidated with another case. There has been no other activity in the case.

In October 2001, the Company was named as a codefendant, with a former representative, in a lawsuit alleging fraud and breach of fiduciary duty. The Company's Motion to Compel Arbitration, as provided in the new account form, was denied. The Company appealed the decision and won on appeal. The Claimants have refilled the case as an arbitration. They pray for actual damages of \$215,000. The parties have attempted to resolve the matter among themselves but have not been able

SUNSET FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements

Contingencies (continued)

to do so. It is not possible at this time to make a reasonable estimate of the likelihood that the Company would be assessed any damages if the matter were to proceed through arbitration, nor of the amount of any such damages. It is likely that the Company's corporate parent, Kansas City Life Insurance Company, which is a codefendant in the case, would ultimately serve as the source of payment of any damages which might be assessed against the Company in the case.

In March 2002, the Company was named a defendant, with former representatives and employees, in a lawsuit brought by a state regulatory agency alleging breach of securities laws and failure to supervise. Settlement was attempted but was not successful. Discovery will begin in early 2004.

In January 2003, the Company was named as a defendant, with its parent, two active representatives and an unrelated insurance company as codefendants, in a lawsuit filed by a former client. The plaintiff alleges deceptive trade practices and fraud in the sale of securities. Actual damages of \$110,000 and emotional stress damages of \$350,000 are prayed for. The Company moved to arbitrate the claim, and the Plaintiff agreed to do so. A Statement of Claim was filed with the NASD in January, 2004.

In July 2003, the Company, with a representative and an unrelated insurance company, was sued by a customer. The customer alleges that the representative negligently failed to apply for a product feature. No specific amount of damages has been named. The Company has moved to stay the court case and to arbitrate the claim. In a separate action, the customer has sued the unrelated insurance company for reformation of her policy.

In October 2003, the Company and a former representative were sued by the trustee of the living trust of a deceased former customer. The suit alleges that the former representative, who was the customer's daughter, took advantage of the familial relationship and mismanaged her mother's account. No specific amount of damages has been stated, but it is inferable from the pleading that the Plaintiff claims approximately \$40,000 from the Company.

It is not reasonably possible at this time to make any conclusion as to the outcome of active litigations, but based on information currently available management does not consider it likely that any of the active litigations will result in a material impact to the Company's net capital.

SUNSET FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Schedule I	1	December 31 2003 (in thousands)
Net Capital	**	
Total stockholder's equity	\$_	249
Non-allowable assets		7
Haircuts on securities (computed pursuant to		
Rule 15c3-1(c)(2)(vi)(D))	_	15
Net capital		227
Minimum net capital requirement		57
Excess net capital	\$_	170
Aggregate Indebtedness		
Commissions payable	\$	747
Due to affiliated entities		49
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		64
Aggregate indebtedness	\$_	860
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	. =	3.79 to 1

Statement regarding Rule 17a-5(d)(4)

There were no material differences between the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 included in this audited report and the computation included in the Company's corresponding unaudited Form X-17A-5 Part IIA filing as of December 31, 2003.

SUNSET FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. EXEMPTIVE PROVISION UNDER RULE 15c3-3

Schedule II

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission under paragraph (k)(1) of that Rule. The Company clears transactions through Correspondent Services Corporation.



Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors
Sunset Financial Services, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Sunset Financial Services, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the related statements of operations, stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sunset Financial Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



Omaha, Nebraska . February 20, 2004





Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors
Sunset Financial Services, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Sunset Financial Services, Inc. (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2003, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirement for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2003, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

Omaha, Nebraska February 20, 2004